




# Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

## Certification page

This document is a cradle-to-gate Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) for the **Portland Cement, Type IL** produced at **the Trident plant**. The Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) and this subsequent EPD follow the guidelines from ISO 21930 [4], ISO 14025 [6], ISO 14040 [7], and ISO 14044 [8]. This EPD is intended for business-to-business audiences.

<b>Declaration Holder</b>	<b>GCC of America</b> <b>600 S. Cherry Street, Suite 1000</b> <b>Glendale CO 80246</b>
<b>Program Operator</b>	 National Ready Mixed Concrete Association 900 Spring Street Silver Spring, MD 20910 <a href="https://www.nrmca.org/">https://www.nrmca.org/</a>
<b>Declaration Number</b>	<b>NRMCAEPD: 20137</b>
<b>Date of Issue</b>	<b>4/4/2024</b>
<b>Period of Validity</b>	<b>4/4/2024 to 4/4/2029</b>
EPD and LCA prepared by	GCC of America 600 S. Cherry Street, Suite 1000 Glendale CO 80246
<b>Product Group and Name</b>	Cement, UN CPC 3744
ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in Building Construction — Environmental Declaration of Building Products: serves as the core PCR NSF PCR for Portland, Blended, Masonry, Mortar, And Plastic (Stucco) Cements V3.2 serves as the subcategory PCR [2]	
Subcategory PCR review was conducted by:	Thomas P. Gloria, Ph. D. Industrial Ecology Consultants 35 Bracebridge Rd. Newton, MA
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to	<input type="checkbox"/> internal <input type="checkbox"/> external



## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

---

ISO 21930:2017 [4] and ISO 14025:  
2006 [6]

---

Third-party verifier: Denice Viktoria Staaf, [Labeling Sustainability, dstaaf@lableingsustainability.com](mailto:dstaaf@lableingsustainability.com)

---

Notes The EPD results are computed using the N.A. version of the GCCA Industry EPD tool for Cement and Concrete (<https://concrete-epd-tool.org>) [1], [3].

---

For additional explanatory material: Pierre-Vincent Certain [pcertain@gcc.com](mailto:pcertain@gcc.com)

---

## Company presentation

GCC operates in the corridor extending from northern Mexico through the United States to Canada. GCC produces, markets, and distributes cement, ready-mix concrete, aggregates, and other construction materials.

In the United States, GCC successfully participates in the cement and ready-mix concrete markets. The Company owns five cement plants with an aggregate annual production capacity of approximately 3.5 million tons in Odessa, Texas; Pueblo, Colorado; Rapid City, South Dakota; Trident, Montana; and Tijeras, New Mexico. GCC also has 23 cement distribution terminals and transferring stations in Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming, and West Texas. Furthermore, GCC is one of the leading ready-mix concrete producers, supplying regional markets in Texas, New Mexico, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Iowa, South Dakota, Minnesota, and North Dakota. GCC has 49 ready-mix concrete plants, a fleet of 286 ready-mix concrete mixer trucks and 151 haul trucks, 3 aggregates plants, 3 asphalt plants, and approximately 2,587 railcars used to transport bulk cement.

In Mexico, GCC operates in the state of Chihuahua, where it owns three cement plants with a total annual production capacity of approximately 2.3 million tons in the cities of Chihuahua and Juarez and the town of Samalayuca. GCC's operations in Mexico also include 46 ready-mix concrete plants, 265 mixer trucks, 6 concrete block plants, 4 aggregates plants, 2 precast plants, and a transportation fleet that consists of 204 cement and aggregates trucks, and 2 building



## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

materials distribution centers. In the state of Chihuahua, GCC is the leader in most of the markets in which it participates (cement, ready-mix concrete, aggregates, concrete blocks, and prefabricated products) as it owns the only cement plant in the state. This leadership position is the result of offering high-quality products, providing service beyond customers' expectations, and having state-of-the-art technology for production and distribution.

### Product Description, components, and Standards

The product under evaluation is **Portland Cement, Type IL, produced by GCC at its Trident, Montanta plant**. Cement is a fine material powder with hydraulic, aesthetic, and durability properties that are very useful for the construction industry. In addition, cement acts as a binding agent that produces ready-mix concrete when mixed with aggregates and water. Concrete is one of the most attractive construction materials because of its great compressive strength and its shape-ability. Aggregates are geological materials such as stone, sand, or gravel, essential for manufacturing concrete, mortar, and asphalt.

Input	Type IL
Clinker	80 - 90 %
Gypsum	4 - 6 %
Limestone	5 - 10 %
Other	< 1 %

The **Portland Cement, Type IL** meets the following standards:

- ASTM C595 / C595M – 21 Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cement [9].
- ASTM C1157 / C1157M – 20a Standard Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement [10].
- AASHTO M 240M/M 240-20 Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cement (ASTM C595/C595M-20) [11].



# Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

## Declared unit

The declared unit is one metric ton of **Portland Cement, Type IL**.

## System boundary

### Life cycle stages

This EPD is a cradle-to-gate EPD covering the production stage (A1-A3).

PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE	USE STAGE	END-OF-LIFE STAGE
<b>A1</b> Extraction and upstream production <b>A2</b> Transport to factory <b>A3</b> Manufacturing	<b>A4</b> Transport to site <b>A5</b> Installation	<b>B1</b> Use <b>B2</b> Maintenance <b>B3</b> Repair <b>B4</b> Replacement <b>B5</b> Refurbishment <b>B6</b> Operational Energy Use <b>B7</b> Operational Water Use	<b>C1</b> De-installation/Demolition <b>C2</b> Transport <b>C3</b> Waste Process <b>C4</b> Disposal of Waste
<b>X</b>	<b>MND</b>	<b>MND</b>	<b>MND</b>

Note: MND = module not declared; X = module included

### Exclusion and cut-off criteria

Items excluded from the system boundary include:

- Production, manufacture, and construction of manufacturing capital goods and infrastructure.
- Production and manufacture of production equipment, delivery vehicles, and laboratory equipment.
- Personnel-related activities (travel, furniture, and office supplies).
- Energy and water use related to company management and sales activities that may be located either within the factory site or at another location.



## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

### Allocation approach

Allocation follows the requirements and guidance of ISO 14044 Clause 4.3.4 [8], NSF PCR [2], and ISO 21930 section 7.2 [4]. Recycling and recycled content are modeled using the cut-off rule.

This subcategory PCR recognizes fly ash, silica fume, granulated blast furnace slag, cement kiln dust, flue gas desulfurization (FGD) gypsum, and post-consumer gypsum as recovered materials, and thus the environmental impacts allocated to these materials are limited to the treatment and transportation required to use as a cement material input.

### Data collection and sources

Data originated from the **Trident, Montana** plant. They cover the activities of clinker production and cement manufacturing.

Secondary, non-GCC specific data originated from the ecoinvent v.3.5 databases for U.S. and global, 2018 and U.S. LCI Database [3].

The reference year of the data collected is **2023**.

EPDs based on cradle-to-gate scope shall not be used for comparisons. Also, EPDs based on a declared unit shall not be used for comparisons.

EPDs are comparable only if they use the same sub-category PCR where applicable, include all relevant information modules and are based on equivalent scenarios with respect to the context of construction works.

### Life Cycle Assessment Results

Core environmental impact indicators		
Global warming potential (GWP 100)	1,061 *	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)	2.012E-5	kg CFC 11 eq.
Eutrophication potential (EP)	0.7716	kg N eq.



## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

Acidification potential of soil and water sources (AP)	1.486	kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Global warming potential, biogenic	5.197E-2 *	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Photochemical oxidant creation potential	8.913	kg O <sub>3</sub> eq.
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil mineral resources	1.196E-4	kg Sb eq.
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	6,775	MJ, net calorific value
<b>Additional Environmental Impact Indicators</b>		
Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions	ND	kg PM <sub>2.5</sub> eq.
Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems	ND	CTUe
Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans - cancer	ND	CTUh
Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans - non-cancer	ND	CTUh
Potential soil quality index	ND	dimensionless
<b>Parameters Describing Resource Use</b>		
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials <sup>[1]</sup>	515.7	MJ, net calorific value
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials <sup>[1]</sup>	0	MJ, net calorific value
Total use of renewable primary energy resources <sup>[1]</sup>	515.7	MJ, net calorific value
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials <sup>[1]</sup>	6,776	MJ, net calorific value
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials <sup>[1]</sup>	0	MJ, net calorific value
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources <sup>[1]</sup>	6,775	MJ, net calorific value
Use of secondary materials <sup>[1]</sup>	0	kg
Use of renewable secondary fuels <sup>[1]</sup>	0	MJ, net calorific value
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels <sup>[1]</sup>	0	MJ, net calorific value
Net use of fresh water	2.011	m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Other environmental information describing waste categories</b>		
Hazardous waste disposed <sup>[1]</sup>	0	kg



## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

Non-hazardous waste disposed <sup>[1]</sup>	0.1555	kg
Radioactive waste disposed <sup>[1]</sup>	ND	kg
<b>Environmental information describing output flows</b>		
Components for re-use	0	kg
Materials for recycling	15.99	kg
Materials for energy recovery	0	kg
Exported energy	0	MJ per energy carrier
<b>Extra Indicators</b>		
Emissions from calcination and removals from carbonation	495.0	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Emissions from combustion of secondary fuels from renewable sources used in production processes	0	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Emissions from combustion of secondary fuels from non-renewable sources used in production processes	0	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.
Removals and emissions associated with biogenic carbon content of the bio-based product	0	kg CO <sub>2</sub>
Removals and emissions associated with biogenic carbon content of the bio-based packaging	0	kg CO <sub>2</sub>

\* The indicated values (gross values) include the greenhouse gas emissions from the incineration of secondary fuels at clinker production. The net GWP-tot (excluding the emissions from the incineration of secondary fuels at clinker production) is 1061 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq. The net GWP-bio is 5.210E-2 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq.

<sup>[1]</sup> The following LCA impact categories and inventory items are still under development and can have high levels of uncertainty that preclude international acceptance pending further development. Use caution when interpreting data in these categories.

## Additional environmental information

GCC's Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) CO<sub>2</sub> target for 2027 is based well below the two-degree curve and is 605 gross kgCO<sub>2</sub>/ ton cementitious material for scope 1. This target must be achieved by 2027 to ensure validation for the next five years on the 1.5-degree curve. GCC's SBTi 2030 target of 538 gross kgCO<sub>2</sub>/ton cementitious material considers a CO<sub>2</sub> reduction roadmap focusing on four key levers: blended cement, fuel switching, energy efficiency, and biogenic fuels. Transformational technology will get us to the 2050 goal.



## **Environmental Product Declaration**

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

To reach our 2030 and 2050 targets, GCC will shift to 100% Portland Limestone Cement (PLC) by 2024. Most of our plants are shifting production, and plant upgrades will allow us to reach 100% production capacity. GCC has committed more than \$25 million for capital expenditure to meet market needs. Planned upgrades will build on our four levers, reducing our CO2 emissions and enabling us to reach our 2030 target.





## Environmental Product Declaration

In accordance with ISO 14025 and 21930

### References

- [1] GCCA Industry EPD Tool for Cement and Concrete. Version 3.2. User Guide, North American version. 21 November 2022. <https://demo.gcca.quantis.solutions/us>
- [2] NSF International, Product Category Rule Environmental Product Declarations, PCR for Portland, Blended, Masonry, Mortar, and Plastic (Stucco) Cements, V3.2, September 2021.
- [3] GCCA's Industry EPD Tool for Cement and Concrete (v3.2). LCA Database, International + North American versions. 21 November 2022.
- [4] ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services.
- [5] ISO 14020:2000 Environmental labels and declarations — General principles
- [6] ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labeling and declarations - Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures.
- [7] ISO 14040:2006/Amd1:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework.
- [8] ISO 14044:2006/Amd1:2017/Amd2:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.
- [9] [ASTM C595 / C595M – 21](#)
- [10] [ASTM C1157 / C1157M – 20a Standard Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement](#)
- [11] [AASHTO M 240M/M 240-20 Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cement \(ASTM C595/C595M-20\)](#)